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The main directions of socio-economic development of New Uzbekistan: problems and solutions

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JIZZAKH BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF UZBEKISTAN NAMED AFTER MIRZO ULUGBEK

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The main directions of socio-economic development of New Uzbekistan: problems and solutions collection of materials of the international scientific and practical conference on the topic

(December 6, 2024)

(Part 1)

Jizzakh-2024

Department of Economics and tourism of Jizzakh branch of the National University of Uzbekistan named after Mirzo Ulugbek
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In the collection of materials of the conference, the role and role of Science, Education and production in the era of globalization, the pressing problems of the issues of interaction of these processes, feedback on their solutions were presented by mature specialists of the field.

In addition, research on the scientific and practical topic, carried out in the economics, Exact Sciences, Natural Sciences and socio-humanities during the globalization period, information is presented in the scientific and practical fields, which includes the latest innovative technologies in the fields of production.

It can be argued that this collection is one of the specific intersections of current thoughts and innovative ideas of the world of science. This scientific and practical conference was actively attended by professors and scientific researchers engaged in scientific research in Uzbekistan and foreign countries. In increasing the position of the scientific and practical conference, the professors and teachers of domestic and foreign higher educational institutions made a significant contribution.

Professors and teachers of foreign higher educational institutions who actively participated in the work of the conference made a worthy contribution to the high level of interaction with scientists of our country. The processes of international cooperation with foreign countries and exchange with them in the field of Science in the era of globalization have a positive effect on the development of Higher Education, the fields of Science and production. The materials of this conference are special in that they include a wide range of research, from theoretical developments to practical solutions, demonstrating the diversity of approaches and directions in this area.

In conclusion, it should be noted that this scientific and practical conference will be a very useful collection for everyone who is interested in modern research in the fields of further development of Higher Education, Science, Education and production in the era of globalization. The authors are responsible for the content and quality of the articles and abstracts included in the collection.

BARQAROR RIVOJLANISHNI TA’MINLASHDA XUFYONA IQTISODIYOTNI JILOVLASHNING AHAMIYATI



Lapasov Shaxobiddin Sharof o‘g‘li
Malikova Sabohat Alisaid qizi

O‘zMUJF Iqtisodiyot(tarmoqlar va sohalar bo‘yicha) yo‘nalishi talabalari

Annotatsiya: Mazkur maqolada xufyona iqtisodiyotning barqaror rivojlanish jarayoniga ko‘rsatadigan salbiy ta’siri va uni jilovlashning ahamiyati tahlil qilingan. Xufyona iqtisodiyot davlat byudjetiga salbiy ta’sir qilib, ijtimoiy tengsizlikni kuchaytiradi hamda atrof-muhitni ifloslantiradi. Muallif xufyona iqtisodiyotni jilovlash uchun soliqlarni soddalashtirish, raqamlashtirish, shaffof boshqaruv tizimlarini joriy etish va ijtimoiy himoyani kuchaytirish kabi strategiyalarni taklif qiladi. Ushbu chora-tadbirlar orqali barqaror rivojlanish maqsadlariga erishish mumkinligi asoslangan.

Kalit so‘zlar: Xufyona iqtisodiyot, barqaror rivojlanish, ijtimoiy tengsizlik, davlat byudjeti, soliq tizimi, raqamlashtirish, atrof-muhit, shaffof boshqaruv, ijtimoiy himoya.

Kirish

Barqaror rivojlanish – bu iqtisodiyot, ijtimoiy soha va ekologik barqarorlik o‘rtasidagi muvozanatni ta’minlashga qaratilgan strategiya. Xufyona iqtisodiyot esa bu maqsadga erishishda katta to‘siq bo‘lib, davlat daromadlarini kamaytirishi, ijtimoiy tengsizlikni kuchaytirishi va resurslarni samarali boshqarishga xalaqit berishi mumkin. Ushbu maqolada xufyona iqtisodiyotning barqaror rivojlanishga ta’siri va uni jilovlashning ahamiyati ko‘rib chiqiladi.

Asosiy qism

Xufyona iqtisodiyot (soya iqtisodiyoti) – bu rasmiy hisobga olinmaydigan va qonunchilik doirasidan tashqarida amalga oshiriladigan iqtisodiy faoliyat. Bu faoliyat quyidagi yo‘nalishlarni o‘z ichiga olishi mumkin:

1. Norasmaniy ish joylari: mehnat shartnomalari yoki soliqlar to‘lanmasdan amalga oshiriladigan ishlar.
2. Nofiskal faoliyat: naqd pul orqali amalga oshiriladigan savdo yoki xizmatlar, soliqlardan qochish maqsadida yashiriladi.
3. Noqonuniy faoliyat: noqonuniy ishlab chiqarish, kontrabanda yoki korruptsiya bilan bog‘liq faoliyatlar.

Xufyona iqtisodiyotning barqaror rivojlanishga salbiy ta’siri. Xufyona iqtisodiyot davlat soliqlarini kamaytiradi, bu esa sog‘liqni saqlash, ta’lim va transport infratuzilmasiga investitsiyalarni cheklaydi. Barqaror rivojlanish uchun zarur bo‘lgan moliyaviy resurslarning yetishmasligi ijtimoiy-iqtisodiy taraqqiyotga to‘siq bo‘ladi; Xufyona iqtisodiyotda band bo‘lgan shaxslar ijtimoiy himoyadan

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mahrum bo‘lib, ularning daromadlari rasmiy sektordagilarga qaraganda past bo‘lishi mumkin. Bu esa jamiyatda tengsizlikning ortishiga olib keladi; Noqonuniy faoliyat ekologik qoidalarni chetlab o‘tadi. Masalan, noqonuniy tog‘-kon ishlari, noqonuniy daraxt kesish yoki chiqindilarni noqonuniy tashlash atrof-muhitni barqaror rivojlanishga zidd ravishda zarar yetkazadi.

Xufyona iqtisodiyotni jilovlash strategiyalari. Oddiy va adolatli soliq tizimini yaratish xufyona iqtisodiyotni qisqartirishda muhim ahamiyatga ega. Soliqlarni to‘lashni rag‘batlantiruvchi mexanizmlar, masalan, soliq stavkalarini pasaytirish yoki soliqlarni to‘lovchilarga imtiyozlar berish, iqtisodiyotni rasmiylashtirishga yordam beradi; Elektron to‘lov tizimlarini joriy qilish, shuningdek, davlat boshqaruvida shaffoflikni oshirish korrupsiya va xufyona iqtisodiyotni kamaytiradi. Raqamli texnologiyalar yordamida iqtisodiy faoliyatni monitoring qilishni yo‘lga qo‘yish samarali natijalar beradi; Norasmaniy sektorda ishlayotgan shaxslar uchun ijtimoiy kafolatlarni joriy qilish va mehnat sharoitlarini yaxshilash rasmiy iqtisodiyotga o‘tishni rag‘batlantiradi; Qonunchilikni takomillashtirish va noqonuniy faoliyatga qarshi kurashni kuchaytirish xufyona iqtisodiyotni jilovlashda muhim omil hisoblanadi. Bu jarayonni samarali amalga oshirish uchun maxsus tashkilotlar va jamoat nazoratining ahamiyati katta.

Xulosa

Xufyona iqtisodiyotning jilovlanishi barqaror rivojlanishni ta'minlashning muhim shartlaridan biridir. Xufyona iqtisodiyot davlat daromadlariga, ijtimoiy barqarorlikka va atrof-muhitga salbiy ta’sir ko‘rsatishi bilan barqaror rivojlanish maqsadlariga erishishda katta to‘siq bo‘ladi. Ushbu muammoni hal qilish uchun soliqlarni soddalashtirish va raqamlashtirish kabi iqtisodiy choralar, shaffof boshqaruv tizimlarini joriy etish va ijtimoiy himoyani kuchaytirish zarur.

Xufyona iqtisodiyotga qarshi samarali choralar ko‘rilishi natijasida davlat byudjeti daromadlari ortadi, resurslar samarali taqsimlanadi va ijtimoiy tengsizlik kamayadi. Bunday yondashuv iqtisodiy barqarorlikni ta'minlashga va jamiyatning uzoq muddatli rivojlanishiga xizmat qiladi. Shu sababli, xufyona iqtisodiyotga qarshi kurashni davlat siyosatining ustuvor yo‘nalishlaridan biri sifatida belgilash muhim ahamiyatga ega.

Foydalanilgan adabiyotlar ro‘yxati

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