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The main directions of socio-economic development of New Uzbekistan: problems and solutions

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The main directions of socio-economic development of New Uzbekistan: problems and solutions collection of materials of the international scientific and practical conference on the topic

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In the collection of materials of the conference, the role and role of Science, Education and production in the era of globalization, the pressing problems of the issues of interaction of these processes, feedback on their solutions were presented by mature specialists of the field.

In addition, research on the scientific and practical topic, carried out in the economics, Exact Sciences, Natural Sciences and socio-humanities during the globalization period, information is presented in the scientific and practical fields, which includes the latest innovative technologies in the fields of production.

It can be argued that this collection is one of the specific intersections of current thoughts and innovative ideas of the world of science. This scientific and practical conference was actively attended by professors and scientific researchers engaged in scientific research in Uzbekistan and foreign countries. In increasing the position of the scientific and practical conference, the professors and teachers of domestic and foreign higher educational institutions made a significant contribution.

Professors and teachers of foreign higher educational institutions who actively participated in the work of the conference made a worthy contribution to the high level of interaction with scientists of our country. The processes of international cooperation with foreign countries and exchange with them in the field of Science in the era of globalization have a positive effect on the development of Higher Education, the fields of Science and production. The materials of this conference are special in that they include a wide range of research, from theoretical developments to practical solutions, demonstrating the diversity of approaches and directions in this area.

In conclusion, it should be noted that this scientific and practical conference will be a very useful collection for everyone who is interested in modern research in the fields of further development of Higher Education, Science, Education and production in the era of globalization. The authors are responsible for the content and quality of the articles and abstracts included in the collection.

O‘ZBEKISTON VA YASHIL IQTISODIYOT: BARQAROR RIVOJLANISH YO‘LIDA



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Annotatsiya: Ushbu maqola O‘zbekistonning iqtisodiy va ekologik rivojlanishida “yashil iqtisodiyot” konsepsiyasining roli va ahamiyatini tahlil qiladi. Yashil iqtisodiyotning asosiy tamoyillari, mamlakatda amalga oshirilayotgan islohotlar, qayta tiklanadigan energiya manbalarini joriy etishdagi yutuqlar va xalqaro tajribadan foydalanish masalalari ko‘rib chiqiladi. Shuningdek, mamlakatning barqaror rivojlanish yo‘lida duch kelayotgan qiyinchiliklar va ularni yengish yo‘llari muhokama qilinadi.

Kalit so‘zlar: Yashil iqtisodiyot, barqaror rivojlanish, qayta tiklanadigan energiya, ekologik barqarorlik, iqtisodiy samaradorlik, iqlim o‘zgarishi, xalqaro tajriba.

Dunyo miqyosida ekologik muammolar, iqlim o‘zgarishi va tabiiy resurslarning kamayishi iqtisodiy faoliyatni qayta ko‘rib chiqishga majbur qilmoqda. Shu ma’noda, “yashil iqtisodiyot” iqtisodiy o‘sishni atrof-muhit barqarorligi bilan uyg‘unlashtiradigan model sifatida ilgari surilmoqda. O‘zbekiston ham ushbu yo‘nalishda sezilarli yutuqlarga erishishga intilmoqda.

Yashil iqtisodiyot insoniyatning atrof-muhitga zarar yetkazmasdan rivojlanishini ta’minlashga qaratilgan bo‘lib, u quyidagi yo‘nalishlarni o‘z ichiga oladi:

Qayta tiklanadigan energiya manbalaridan foydalanish – shamol, quyosh, biomassa va gidroenergiya kabi manbalar.

Iqlim o‘zgarishining oldini olish – CO2 chiqindilarini kamaytirish va uglerodsiz iqtisodiyotni rivojlantirish.

Tabiiy resurslardan samarali foydalanish – resurslarni isrof qilmasdan, ularni qayta ishlash va ko‘paytirish.

Ekologik toza texnologiyalarni joriy etish – ishlab chiqarish jarayonlarida energiyani tejaydigan va chiqindilarni kamaytiradigan texnologiyalardan foydalanish.

O‘zbekistonning iqtisodiyoti ko‘p jihatdan qishloq xo‘jaligi va tabiiy resurslarga bog‘liq bo‘lib, u ekologik muammolarning yechimini talab qiladi. Mamlakatda yashil iqtisodiyotni rivojlantirish quyidagi maqsadlar uchun zarur:

Suv va yer resurslarini himoya qilish – Orolbo‘yi hududlarini ekologik tiklash va qishloq xo‘jaligidagi suv sarfini kamaytirish.

Energiya samaradorligini oshirish – energiya sarfini kamaytirish va energiya balansini qayta tiklash.

Tabiiy ofatlar xavfini kamaytirish – iqlim o‘zgarishi tufayli yuzaga keladigan salbiy oqibatlarning oldini olish.

O‘zbekiston hukumatining yashil iqtisodiyot yo‘nalishida amalga oshirayotgan choralari quyidagilardan iborat:

Quyosh elektr stansiyalari qurilishi O‘zbekiston 2030-yilga qadar elektr energiyasining 25 foizini qayta tiklanadigan energiya manbalaridan olishni maqsad qilgan. Masalan, Samarqand, Jizzax va Surxondaryoda yirik quyosh elektr stansiyalari qurilmoqda.

Orolbo‘yi hududini tiklash Birlashgan Millatlar Tashkiloti va boshqa xalqaro tashkilotlar ko‘magida Orol dengizi hududida ko‘chat ekish va tuproqni melioratsiya qilish loyihalari amalga oshirilmoqda.

Energiya samaradorligi dasturlari 2020-2025-yillarda energiya resurslaridan oqilona foydalanishni rag‘batlantiruvchi qonunlar qabul qilindi. Misol uchun, binolarni issiqlik izolyatsiyasi orqali energetik samaradorligini oshirish bo‘yicha milliy dasturlar ishlab chiqildi.

Xalqaro hamkorlik va investitsiyalarni jalb qilish Jahon banki, Osiyo taraqqiyot banki va boshqa tashkilotlar yordamida O‘zbekistonga yashil texnologiyalar kiritilmoqda. Ushbu texnologiyalar energiya va suvdan foydalanishni optimallashtiradi.

Xitoy, Germaniya va Janubiy Koreya yashil iqtisodiyot tamoyillarini muvaffaqiyatli joriy qilgan mamlakatlar hisoblanadi. Ularning tajribasi O‘zbekistonda quyidagi yo‘nalishlarni kuchaytirishga imkon beradi:

Qayta tiklanadigan energiya bo‘yicha texnologiyalarni import qilish.

Barqaror transport tizimini rivojlantirish.

Tabiiy resurslarni boshqarishda zamonaviy metodologiyalarni qo‘llash.

O‘zbekiston yashil iqtisodiyot tamoyillarini joriy etish orqali ekologik va iqtisodiy barqarorlikka erishishni maqsad qilgan. Mamlakatning bu yo‘nalishda amalga oshirayotgan chora-tadbirlari nafaqat milliy, balki mintaqaviy darajada ham sezilarli ta’sir ko‘rsatmoqda. Kelgusida quyosh va shamol energetikasini rivojlantirish, xalqaro investitsiyalarni jalb qilish va ekologik ta’limni kuchaytirish orqali yashil iqtisodiyotning imkoniyatlarini yanada kengaytirish zarur. Bu mamlakatning barqaror rivojlanish maqsadlariga erishishida muhim qadam bo‘ladi.

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