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The main directions of socio-economic development of New Uzbekistan: problems and solutions

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JIZZAKH BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF UZBEKISTAN NAMED AFTER MIRZO ULUGBEK

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The main directions of socio-economic development of New Uzbekistan: problems and solutions collection of materials of the international scientific and practical conference on the topic

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(Part 2)

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Department of Economics and tourism of Jizzakh branch of the National University of Uzbekistan named after Mirzo Ulugbek
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In the collection of materials of the conference, the role and role of Science, Education and production in the era of globalization, the pressing problems of the issues of interaction of these processes, feedback on their solutions were presented by mature specialists of the field.

In addition, research on the scientific and practical topic, carried out in the economics, Exact Sciences, Natural Sciences and socio-humanities during the globalization period, information is presented in the scientific and practical fields, which includes the latest innovative technologies in the fields of production.

It can be argued that this collection is one of the specific intersections of current thoughts and innovative ideas of the world of science. This scientific and practical conference was actively attended by professors and scientific researchers engaged in scientific research in Uzbekistan and foreign countries. In increasing the position of the scientific and practical conference, the professors and teachers of domestic and foreign higher educational institutions made a significant contribution.

Professors and teachers of foreign higher educational institutions who actively participated in the work of the conference made a worthy contribution to the high level of interaction with scientists of our country. The processes of international cooperation with foreign countries and exchange with them in the field of Science in the era of globalization have a positive effect on the development of Higher Education, the fields of Science and production. The materials of this conference are special in that they include a wide range of research, from theoretical developments to practical solutions, demonstrating the diversity of approaches and directions in this area.

In conclusion, it should be noted that this scientific and practical conference will be a very useful collection for everyone who is interested in modern research in the fields of further development of Higher Education, Science, Education and production in the era of globalization. The authors are responsible for the content and quality of the articles and abstracts included in the collection.

KRIMINAL HARAKAT VA CHEKLANGAN RATSIONALLIK



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Annotatsiya. Ushbu maqola chegaralangan ratsionallik tushunchasi va uning jinoiy xatti-harakatni tushunishdagi ahamiyatini o‘rganadi. Kriminal harakatlarning iqtisodiy va psixologik sabablari, shuningdek, cheklangan ratsionallik konsepsiyasining bu harakatlarga ta'siri tahlil qilinadi. Cheklangan ratsionallik - bu odamlarning qarorlar qabul qilish jarayonida to'liq va mukammal ma'lumotga ega bo'lmasligi, shuningdek, resurslarning cheklanganligi tufayli ba'zan noto'g'ri yoki rasionallikka zid qarorlar qabul qilishidir. Kriminal harakatlar, asosan, shaxsning resurslar va imkoniyatlarni noto'g'ri baholashi yoki ehtiyoj va xohishlarga asosan qo'pol qarorlar qabul qilishi bilan bog'liqdir. Shuningdek, kriminal harakatlarning oldini olish va ularni kamaytirish uchun samarali strategiyalarni ishlab chiqishda cheklangan ratsionallikni hisobga olish zarurligi ko'rsatiladi. Maqola, iqtisodiy tahlil va ijtimoiy psixologiya nazariyalarini birlashtirib, kriminal xatti-harakatlar va shaxsning qarorlar qabul qilish jarayonidagi cheklovlar o'rtasidagi bog'liqlikni yoritadi.

Kalit so‘zlar. Chegaralangan ratsionallik, jinoiy xatti-harakat, qaror qabul qilish, kriminologiya, kognitiv cheklovlar.

Jinoiy xatti-harakat biologik moyillikdan tortib, ijtimoiy-iqtisodiy ta'sirlargacha bo‘lgan turli nuqtai nazarlardan o‘rganiladi. Shunday yondashuvlardan biri – jinoyatchilikni chegaralangan ratsionallik orqali tahlil qilishdir. An’anaviy iqtisodiy nazariyalar odamlarga har doim foydani maksimal darajada oshirishga qaratilgan ratsional qaror qabul qiluvchilar sifatida qaraydi. Chegaralangan ratsionallik esa inson qarorlarini ma'lumotlarning yetishmasligi, vaqtning cheklanganligi va kognitiv qobiliyatlar bilan chegaralanganligini tan oladi. Bu cheklovlar jinoyatchilar nima uchun jinoyat sodir etishga qaror qilishlarini tahlil qilishda alohida ahamiyatga ega.

Jinoyatchilar ham boshqa odamlar singari mukofotlarni xavf va oqibatlarga nisbatan tortib ko‘radigan tanlovlar bilan yuzma-yuz keladilar. Ammo ularning qarorlari ko‘pincha qonun tizimi haqidagi to‘liq bo‘lmagan ma'lumotlar, qo‘lga tushmaslikka haddan tashqari ishonish yoki hissiy impulslar bilan ta’sirlanadi. Masalan, biror kishi o‘g‘irlik sodir etib, qo‘lga tushish ehtimolini yoki jinoyat hujjati kelajakka qanday ta’sir qilishini to‘liq hisobga olmasligi mumkin. G‘azab yoki umidsizlik kabi hissiy holatlar esa mantiqiy qaror qabul qilishga xalaqit beradi va noqonuniy harakatlarga olib keladi.

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Atrof-muhit va ijtimoiy omillar ham muhim rol o‘ynaydi. Iqtisodiy jihatdan nochor hududlarda yashovchilar qonuniy muvaffaqiyatga erishish imkoniyatlarini cheklangan deb qabul qilishi mumkin. Bu esa jinoyatni hayotiy alternativ sifatida baholashga olib keladi. Guruhbosim, madaniy qadriyatlar va jinoyatga oid xatti-harakatlar bilan tanishlik bu ta’sirni yanada kuchaytirishi mumkin. Bunday sharoitlarda chegaralangan ratsionallik shaxslarning mavjud tanlovlarini toraytiradi va jinoyatni o‘z maqsadlariga erishishning yagona yo‘li sifatida ko‘rsatadi.

Jinoiy xatti-harakatdagi chegaralangan ratsionallikni tushunish jinoyatning oldini olish va siyosat ishlab chiqishda amaliy ahamiyatga ega. Kognitiv xatolarni kamaytirishga qaratilgan aralashuvlar, masalan, noqonuniy faoliyat oqibatlarini ochib beruvchi ta’lim dasturlari jinoyat sodir etish ehtimolini kamaytirishi mumkin. Qonunbuzarlik xavfini oshirish, masalan, huquqni muhofaza qilish organlarini ko‘proq ko‘rinadigan qilish yoki jamoaviy nazoratni yaxshilash, jinoyat ehtimolini past baholovchi shaxslarni qaytarishi mumkin.

Bundan tashqari, ijtimoiy-iqtisodiy sharoitlarni yaxshilash va qonuniy muvaffaqiyatga erishish yo‘llarini taqdim etish shaxslarning qaror qabul qilish imkoniyatlarini kengaytiradi. Qachonki qonuniy imkoniyatlar mavjud va jozibador bo‘lsa, jinoyatga qo‘l urish ehtiyoji kamayadi. Bu chora-tadbirlar jinoyatni tug‘diruvchi ichki yovuzlikdan emas, balki shaxsiy va atrof-muhit omillari bilan cheklangan ratsionallikdan kelib chiqishini tan olish bilan mos keladi.

Xulosa. Jinoiy xatti-harakatni chegaralangan ratsionallik nuqtai nazaridan ko‘rib chiqish inson qaror qabul qilish jarayonining murakkabligini ochib beradi. Odamlar har doim ham mukammal mantiq asosida harakat qilmaydi, ularning tanlovlari ma’lumotlarning cheklanganligi, hissiy holatlar va atrof-muhit cheklovlari bilan shakllanadi. Ushbu omillarni hal qilish orqali siyosatchilar va jamiyatlar jinoyatni kamaytirish bo‘yicha strategiyalar yaratishi mumkin. Jinoyatchilarning chegaralangan ratsionalligini tan olish jinoiy xatti-harakatni chuqurroq tushunishga yordam berish bilan birga, yanada mehribon va samarali adolatga yo‘l ochadi.

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