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The main directions of socio-economic development of New Uzbekistan: problems and solutions

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JIZZAKH BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF UZBEKISTAN NAMED AFTER MIRZO ULUGBEK

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The main directions of socio-economic development of New Uzbekistan: problems and solutions collection of materials of the international scientific and practical conference on the topic

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Department of Economics and tourism of Jizzakh branch of the National University of Uzbekistan named after Mirzo Ulugbek
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In the collection of materials of the conference, the role and role of Science, Education and production in the era of globalization, the pressing problems of the issues of interaction of these processes, feedback on their solutions were presented by mature specialists of the field.

In addition, research on the scientific and practical topic, carried out in the economics, Exact Sciences, Natural Sciences and socio-humanities during the globalization period, information is presented in the scientific and practical fields, which includes the latest innovative technologies in the fields of production.

It can be argued that this collection is one of the specific intersections of current thoughts and innovative ideas of the world of science. This scientific and practical conference was actively attended by professors and scientific researchers engaged in scientific research in Uzbekistan and foreign countries. In increasing the position of the scientific and practical conference, the professors and teachers of domestic and foreign higher educational institutions made a significant contribution.

Professors and teachers of foreign higher educational institutions who actively participated in the work of the conference made a worthy contribution to the high level of interaction with scientists of our country. The processes of international cooperation with foreign countries and exchange with them in the field of Science in the era of globalization have a positive effect on the development of Higher Education, the fields of Science and production. The materials of this conference are special in that they include a wide range of research, from theoretical developments to practical solutions, demonstrating the diversity of approaches and directions in this area.

In conclusion, it should be noted that this scientific and practical conference will be a very useful collection for everyone who is interested in modern research in the fields of further development of Higher Education, Science, Education and production in the era of globalization. The authors are responsible for the content and quality of the articles and abstracts included in the collection.

QURILISHDA TADBIRKORLIKNI RIVOJLANTIRISHNING ASOSIY YO‘NALISHLARI VA IMKONIYATLARI



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Annotatsiya: Ushbu maqolada qurilish sohasida tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishning asosiy yo‘nalishlari va imkoniyatlari tahlil qilinadi. Qurilish sektori milliy iqtisodiyotning muhim tarmog‘i bo‘lib, tadbirkorlikning rivojlanishi orqali iqtisodiy o‘sish va innovatsion yondashuvlarni joriy etish mumkin. Maqolada innovatsion texnologiyalar, barqaror qurilish amaliyotlari, yangi qurilish materiallarini ishlab chiqish, xususiy-sektor hamkorligi va raqamli texnologiyalarni joriy etish kabi yo‘nalishlar tahlil qilinadi. Shuningdek, davlat tomonidan taqdim etilayotgan qo‘llab-quvvatlash dasturlari va yangi qurilish bozorlariga kirish imkoniyatlari tadbirkorlar uchun katta imkoniyatlar yaratishi ko‘rsatib o‘tiladi.

Kalit so‘zlar: qurilish sektori, tadbirkorlik rivoji, innovatsion texnologiyalar, barqaror qurilish, xususiy-sektor hamkorligi, qurilish materiallari.

Kirish

Qurilish sektori milliy iqtisodiyotning muhim tarmog‘idir. Shu bilan birga, qurilish sohasida tadbirkorlik faoliyatining rivojlanishi iqtisodiy o‘sish va barqaror rivojlanishga katta hissa qo‘shadi. Tadbirkorlik, ayniqsa, qurilish sanoatida yangi innovatsiyalarni joriy etish, samarali boshqaruv va resurslarni optimallashtirishga yordam beradi. Ushbu maqolada qurilish sohasida tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishning asosiy yo‘nalishlari, imkoniyatlar va bu yo‘nalishdagi to‘siqlar ko‘rib chiqiladi.

Qurilishda tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishning asosiy yo‘nalishlari

1. Innovatsion texnologiyalarni joriy etish

Qurilish sohasida innovatsion texnologiyalarni joriy etish tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishning muhim yo‘nalishlaridan biridir. Zamonaviy qurilish texnologiyalari, masalan, 3D bosib chiqarish, avtomatlashtirilgan qurilish texnikalari, modulli qurilish, yashil texnologiyalar va energiya samaradorligini oshiruvchi yechimlar, qurilish jarayonlarini samarali va tejamkor qilish imkonini beradi. Bu tadbirkorlar uchun raqobatbardoshlikni oshiradi va iqtisodiy samaradorlikni yaxshilaydi.

2. Barqaror qurilish amaliyotlarini joriy etish

Barqaror qurilish, ya'ni ekologik jihatdan toza va energiya samarali binolar qurish, qurilishda tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishning asosiy yo‘nalishlaridan biridir. Bu faqat tabiiy resurslarni tejashga emas, balki iqtisodiy jihatdan ham samarali bo‘lishga yordam beradi. Tadbirkorlar uchun barqaror qurilish amaliyotlarini joriy etish nafaqat jamiyatning ekologik farovonligini ta’minlaydi, balki yangi bozorlarga kirish imkoniyatini yaratadi.

3. Yangi qurilish materiallarini ishlab chiqarish va joriy etish

Qurilish materiallari ishlab chiqaruvchi tadbirkorlar uchun yangi va innovatsion materiallar ishlab chiqarish katta imkoniyatlarni yaratadi. Yangi, mustahkam va ekologik jihatdan xavfsiz qurilish materiallari, masalan, qayta ishlanadigan materiallar yoki tabiiy resurslardan ishlab chiqarilgan materiallar bozorni kengaytirish imkonini beradi. Bunday yondashuvlar faqat narxni kamaytiribgina qolmay, balki bozorni diversifikatsiya qilish va barqaror o‘sishni ta’minlashga xizmat qiladi.

4. Qurilishda xususiy-sektor hamkorligi (PPP)

Xususiy va davlat sektori o‘rtasidagi hamkorlik (PPP – Public-Private Partnership) qurilishda tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishning samarali yo‘nalishlaridan biridir. Yangi infratuzilma ob'ektlarini qurish va rivojlantirishda xususiy sektorning ishtirokini jalb qilish davlatning moliyaviy yukini kamaytiradi va bir vaqtning o‘zida innovatsion yondashuvlar va samarali boshqaruvni joriy etish imkonini beradi.

5. Qurilish sanoatida raqamli texnologiyalarni joriy etish

Qurilish sohasida raqamli texnologiyalarni qo‘llash, masalan, qurilish loyihalarini boshqarish dasturlari, raqamli model va dizayn texnologiyalaridan foydalanish tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishda samarali vositadir. Bunday texnologiyalar qurilish jarayonlarini tezlashtiradi, narxlarni kamaytiradi va resurslarni samarali taqsimlashga yordam beradi.

6. Bozorni diversifikatsiya qilish

Qurilish sektorida tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishning yana bir muhim yo‘nalishi bozorni diversifikatsiya qilishdir. Masalan, fuqarolik qurilishi, sanoat qurilishi, savdo va ofis binolari qurilishi va boshqalar. Har bir bozor segmentida yangi imkoniyatlarni izlash tadbirkorlar uchun foydali bo‘lishi mumkin.

Qurilishda tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishning imkoniyatlari

1. Davlat dasturlari va subvensiyalar

Ko‘plab davlatlar qurilish sohasidagi tadbirkorlar uchun maxsus qo‘llab-quvvatlash dasturlari va subvensiyalarni taqdim etadi. Bu tadbirkorlarga kapital sarfini kamaytirishga va loyihalarni amalga oshirishga yordam beradi. Xususan, davlat tomonidan taklif qilinadigan soliq imtiyozlari va boshqa iqtisodiy rag‘batlar qurilishda tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishga katta yordam beradi.

2. Yangi qurilish bozorlariga kirish

Global iqtisodiy o‘sish, urbanizatsiya va ijtimoiy rivojlanish jarayonlari qurilish sohasidagi tadbirkorlik uchun yangi bozorlarni ochadi. Yangi rivojlanayotgan mamlakatlarda va hududlarda infratuzilma qurilishiga bo‘lgan talab ortib borishi, tadbirkorlarga yangi imkoniyatlar yaratadi.

3. Texnologik yangi ishlab chiqarish

Qurilishda texnologik yangiliklarni joriy etish imkoniyati tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishda katta rol o‘ynaydi. Qurilish jarayonlarining avtomatlashtirilishi, yangi qurilish materiallarini ishlab chiqish va raqamli texnologiyalarni qo‘llash ishlab chiqarish samaradorligini oshiradi va qurilish ishlarini tezlashtiradi.

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4. Mehnat bozoridagi yangi malakali ishchilar talabi

Qurilish sohasida malakali mutaxassislar va texnik ishchilar talabining ortishi, tadbirkorlarga malakali ishchi kuchini jalb qilish imkoniyatini yaratadi. Bu, o‘z navbatida, qurilishning sifatini oshirish va samaradorligini yaxshilashga yordam beradi.

Xulosa

Qurilishda tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirish uchun bir qancha yo‘nalishlar va imkoniyatlar mavjud. Innovatsion texnologiyalarni joriy etish, barqaror qurilish amaliyotlarini qo‘llash, yangi qurilish materiallarini ishlab chiqish va xususiy-s sektor hamkorligini mustahkamlash tadbirkorlikni rivojlantirishga katta yordam beradi. Shuningdek, davlat dasturlari, yangi bozorlarga kirish va texnologik yangiliklar ham tadbirkorlar uchun katta imkoniyatlar yaratadi. Ushbu imkoniyatlarni to‘g‘ri foydalanish, qurilish sohasida barqaror va samarali o‘sishga olib kelishi mumkin.

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